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1  /* *****
2
3      DATABASE ADMINISTRATION FUNDAMENTALS:
4      INTRODUCTION TO STRUCTURED QUERY LANGUAGE
5      SF21SQL1001, 2021/11/02 - 2021/12/09
6      https://folvera.commons.gc.cuny.edu/?cat=29
7  *****
8  SESSION #9 (2021/12/02): CREATING DATABASE OBJECTS
9
10 1. Parameters, user-defined functions and stored procedures
11 *****
12
13 1. LAB #10 (Procedures)
14 1.1. Write a procedure `strings2_sp` in schema `lab10` in database `ace` to
15 concatenate two (2) strings with an empty space (` `) between the two
16 strings.
17
18 HINT: two (2) input parameters to produce one (1) output parameter
19 with the minimal size of the sum of the sizes of the first input
20 parameter and the second input parameter
21
22 1.2. To test that procedure `lab10.strings2_sp` works, execute the
23 procedure passing first name and last name.
24
25 HINT: EXEC procedure_name(@in_param1, @in_param2)
26 ***** */
27
28 CREATE SCHEMA lab10;
29
30 CREATE PROCEDURE lab10.string2_sp @in_string1 VARCHAR(50),
31 @in_string2 VARCHAR(50)
32 AS
33 BEGIN
34     DECLARE @out_string VARCHAR(101)           -- to accept VARCHAR(50) for
35                                               -- `@in_string1`, VARCHAR(1)
36                                               -- for a space + VARCHAR(50)
37                                               -- for `@in_string2`
38     SET @out_string = CONCAT (
39         @in_string1,
40         ' ',
41         @in_string2
42     )
43     PRINT @out_string
44 END;
45
46
47 /* *****
48 1.3. Then we execute procedure `lab10.string2_sp` passing two (2) values.
49 Passing more or fewer values will return an error.
50
51 Msg 201, Level 16, State 4, Procedure lab10.string2_sp,
52 Line 0 [Batch Start Line 53]

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53         Procedure or function 'string2_sp' expects parameter
54         '@in_string2', which was not supplied.
55         ***** */
56
57 EXEC lab10.string2_sp 'John', 'Smith';
58
59
60 /* *****
61 2. LAB #11 (Functions)
62 2.1. Write a function `strings2_udf()` in schema `lab11` in database `ace`
63     to concatenate two (2) strings with an empty space (` `) between the
64     two strings.
65
66     HINT: two (2) input parameters to produce one (1) output parameter
67     with the minimal size of the sum of the sizes of the first input
68     parameter and the second input parameter
69
70 2.2. To test that function `lab11.strings2_udf()` works, write a query
71     calling all values from `AP1.ContactUpdates` using function
72     `lab11.strings2_udf()` on `first_name` and `last_name`.
73
74     HINT: SELECT function_name(@in_param1, @in_param2)
75     ***** */
76
77 CREATE SCHEMA lab11;
78
79 CREATE FUNCTION lab11.string2_udf (
80     @in_string1 VARCHAR(50),
81     @in_string2 VARCHAR(50)
82 )
83 RETURNS VARCHAR(101)           -- same datatype and size as
84                               -- `@out_string`, in this case
85 AS
86 BEGIN
87     DECLARE @out_string VARCHAR(101)           -- to accept VARCHAR(50) for
88                                               -- `@in_string1`, VARCHAR(1)
89                                               -- for a space + VARCHAR(50)
90                                               -- for `@in_string2`
91     SET @out_string = CONCAT (
92         @in_string1,
93         ' ',
94         @in_string2
95     )
96     RETURN @out_string
97 END;
98
99 /* *****
100 2.3. Then we use function `lab11.string2_udf` passing two (2) values. Note
101     that passing more or fewer values will return an error.
102
103         Msg 313, Level 16, State 2, Line 101
104         An insufficient number of arguments were supplied for the

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105         procedure or function lab11.string2_udf.
106  ***** */
107
108 SELECT lab11.string2_udf('John', 'Smith');
109
110
111 /* *****
112 3. In the example below, we make a function to dress up phone numbers as
113 `(xxx) xxx-xxxx` in schema `lab12`.
114 ***** */
115
116 CREATE SCHEMA lab12;
117
118 CREATE FUNCTION lab12.phones_udf (@in_phone VARCHAR(15))
119 RETURNS VARCHAR(15) -- need to remember that a
120 -- function RETURNS a value
121 AS
122 BEGIN
123 DECLARE @out_phone VARCHAR(15)
124 SET @out_phone = CASE -- `CASE` clause to check if
125 WHEN @in_phone IS NOT NULL -- `CONCAT` needs to be run
126 OR @in_phone <> ''
127 OR @in_phone NOT LIKE ('(%)%-') -- checking for formatted phone
128 THEN CONCAT (
129 '(',
130 LEFT(@in_phone, 3),
131 ') ',
132 SUBSTRING(@in_phone, 4, 3),
133 '-',
134 RIGHT(@in_phone, 4)
135 )
136 ELSE @in_phone
137 END -- ending/closing `CASE` clause
138 RETURN @out_phone
139 END; -- ending/closing function
140
141
142 /* *****
143 3.1 Then we use function `lab11.string2_udf` passing two (2) values when
144 querying `SF21SQL1001.AP1.Vendors`.
145
146 Since accessing another objects in another database, you need to call
147 the full name the function (`labs.lab11.string2_udf`) and/or the table
148 (`SF21SQL1001.AP1.Vendors`) depending in which database you are in.
149 ***** */
150
151 SELECT VendorID,
152 SF21SQL1001.AP1.Vendors.VendorName,
153 labs.lab11.strings2_udf(SF21SQL1001.AP1.Vendors.VendorAddress1,
154 SF21SQL1001.AP1.Vendors.VendorAddress2)
155 AS VendorAddress, -- `labs.lab11.strings2_udf`
156 -- on `VendorAddress1` and

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157                                     -- `VendorAddress2`
158 SF21SQL1001.AP1.Vendors.VendorCity,
159 SF21SQL1001.AP1.Vendors.VendorState,
160 SF21SQL1001.AP1.Vendors.VendorZipCode,
161 labs.lab12.phones_udf(VendorPhone)
162 AS VendorPhone                                     -- using function
163                                     -- `labs.lab12.phones_udf`
164 FROM SF21SQL1001.AP1.Vendors;
165
166
167 /* *****
168 4. This marks the end of new material.
169
170 4.1. As a developer, you should have a list of resources -- websites, books
171 or people whom you can contact for help. The following is only a list
172 of resources -- not a recommendation of goods and/or services.
173
174 Analytics Vidhya (data science community)
175 https://analyticsvidhya.com/
176
177 Apache Spark - Unified Analytics Engine
178 https://spark.apache.org/
179
180 Apache Spark - Unified Analytics Engine - Spark SQL & DataFrames
181 https://spark.apache.org/sql/
182
183 Azure Cosmos DB
184 https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/services/cosmos-db/
185
186 Azure SQL - Azure SQL documentation - Microsoft Docs
187 https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/
188
189 Cockroach Labs - CockroachDB
190 https://cockroachlabs.com/
191
192 DBeaver - Universal Database Tool
193 https://dbeaver.com/
194
195 DBeaver Community (client)
196 https://dbeaver.io/
197
198 EverSQL - SQL Query Optimizer Tool Online
199 https://eversql.com/sql-syntax-check-validator/
200
201 HeidiSQL (client)
202 https://heidisql.com/
203
204 Infrastructure as SQL (iaSQL)
205 https://iasql.com/
206
207 MariaDB (MySQL fork, not related to Oracle)
208 https://mariadb.org/
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209  
210 Microsoft Azure  
211 <https://portal.azure.com/>  
212  
213 Microsoft Azure - Quickstart Templates  
214 <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/resources/templates/>  
215  
216 Microsoft Power Automate  
217 <https://flow.microsoft.com/en-us/desktop/>  
218  
219 Microsoft Power BI (business intelligence)  
220 <https://powerbi.microsoft.com/>  
221  
222 Microsoft SQL Server  
223 <https://microsoft.com/en-us/sql-server/>  
224  
225 Microsoft SQL Server - Get Started  
226 <https://microsoft.com/en-us/sql-server/developer-get-started/>  
227  
228 MongoDB  
229 <https://mongodb.com/>  
230  
231 MongoDB Blog  
232 <https://mongodb.com/blog>  
233  
234 mycli (CLI MariaDB, MySQL & Percona)  
235 <https://mycli.net/>  
236  
237 MySQL (Oracle)  
238 <https://mysql.com/>  
239  
240 Oracle  
241 <http://oracle.com/>  
242  
243 phpMyAdmin (administration tool for MySQL/MariaDB)  
244 <https://phpmyadmin.net/>  
245  
246 Poor SQL (code formatter)  
247 <https://poorsql.com/>  
248  
249 PostgreSQL  
250 <https://postgresql.org/>  
251  
252 Slack - codebar - sql  
253 <https://app.slack.com/client/T08CJBA82/CHPE04RU7>  
254  
255 SQLite  
256 <https://sqlite.org/>  
257  
258 SQLZOO  
259 <https://sqlzoo.net/>  
260

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261 Tech on the Net - SQL Server  
262 [https://techonthenet.com/sql\\_server/](https://techonthenet.com/sql_server/)  
263  
264 Vespa (big data AI, Oath/Yahoo)  
265 <http://vespa.ai/>  
266  
267 \*\*\*\*\*  
268 <https://folvera.commons.gc.cuny.edu/?p=1056>  
269 \*\*\*\*\* \*/